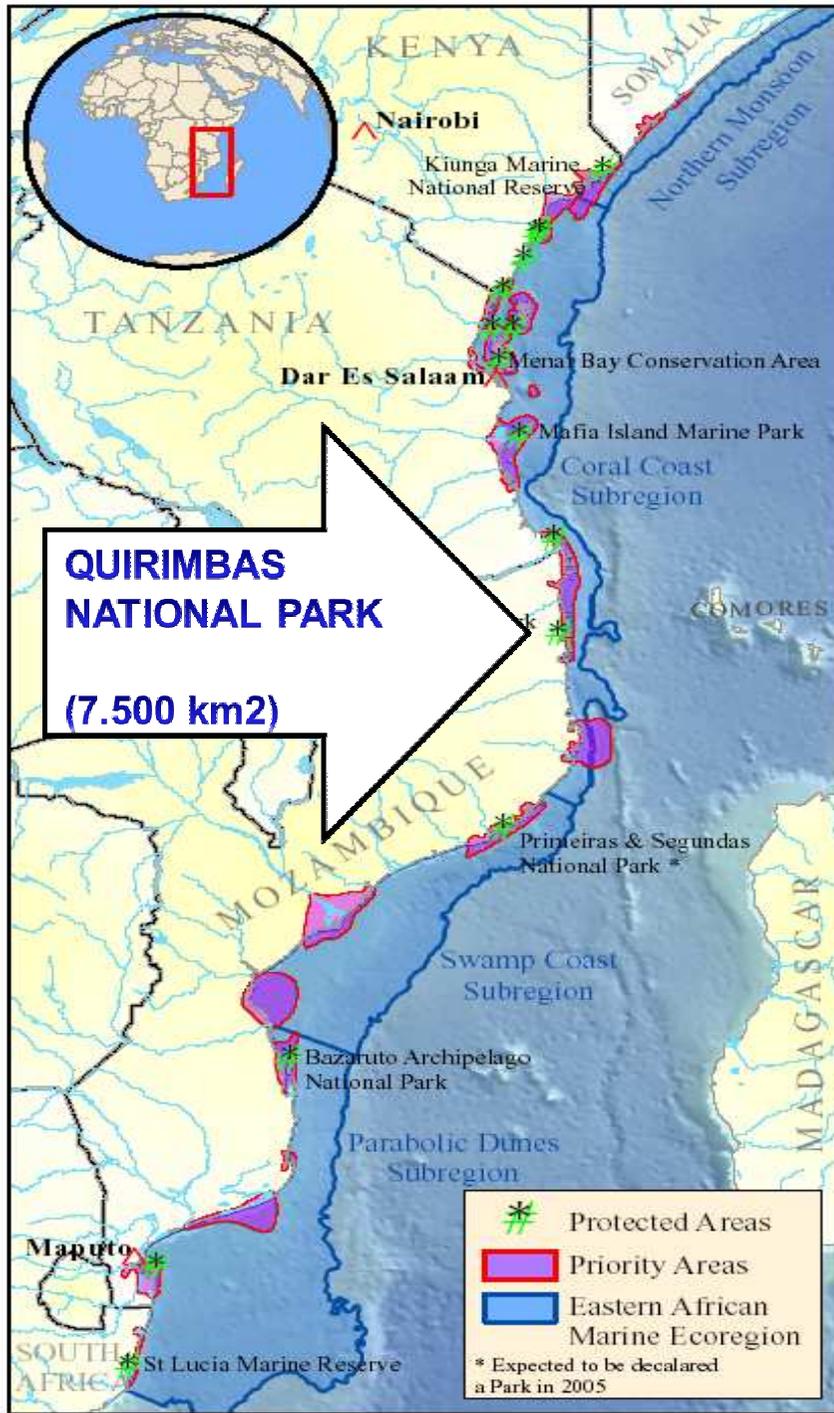
A large group of dolphins swimming in the deep blue ocean. The dolphins are seen from an aerial perspective, moving in a loose formation. The water is a vibrant blue, and the dolphins' bodies are a lighter, silvery-blue color. The text "An Introduction to the Quirimbas National Park" is overlaid in the center of the image in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

An Introduction to the Quirimbas National Park

THE EASTERN AFRICAN MARINE ECOREGION



Context - Cabo Delgado Province

- ⇒ Subsistence economy with per capita rural income less than \$50 (including household consumption)
- ⇒ Life expectancy - 37.8 years
- ⇒ Child mortality (under 5 years old) - 295 per thousand.
- ⇒ Primary Livelihoods : Artisanal Fishing, Subsistence Agriculture

PNQ Philosophy - Conservation as a Development Strategy

- **Directly Dependent on a common natural resource**
- **Few economic alternatives**
- **Resources under threat from internal and external sources**

Conclusion : A Need for Conservation for Productive Use



The Historical Context

- ⇒ QNP emerged as a community reaction to natural resource management challenges
- ⇒ Resource Depletion
 - Fisheries Stocks
 - Low Soil Fertility
- ⇒ Resource Management
 - Invasions of Migrant Fishermen
 - Elephant Conflict

Community Rights

- Complete Removal of illegal industrial fishing vessels
- Drastic reduction in illegal artisanal fishers



Kinsho Maru, removed with Navy assistenca

Community Rights

➔ Benefits:

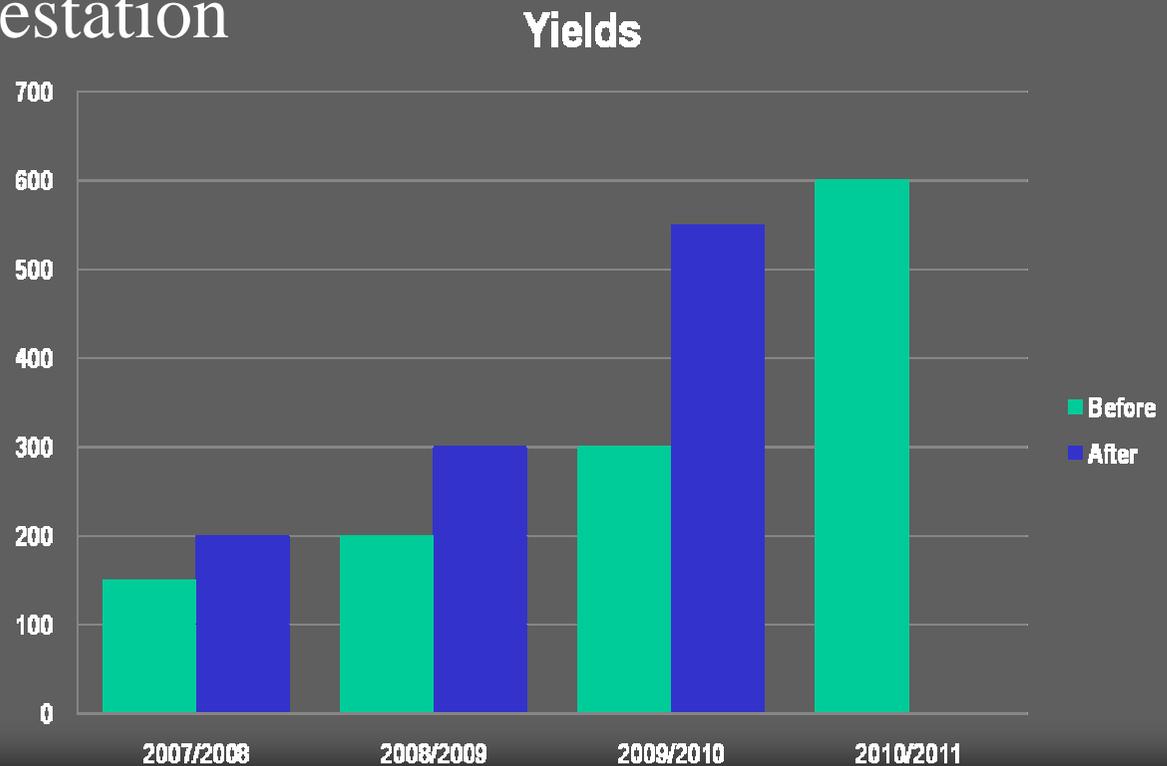
■ 20% of Park Revenues:

- All Park zones have received these funds, one of the only parks in the country to achieve this
- Funds being used for new water points, cassava plants, community tourism, etc.



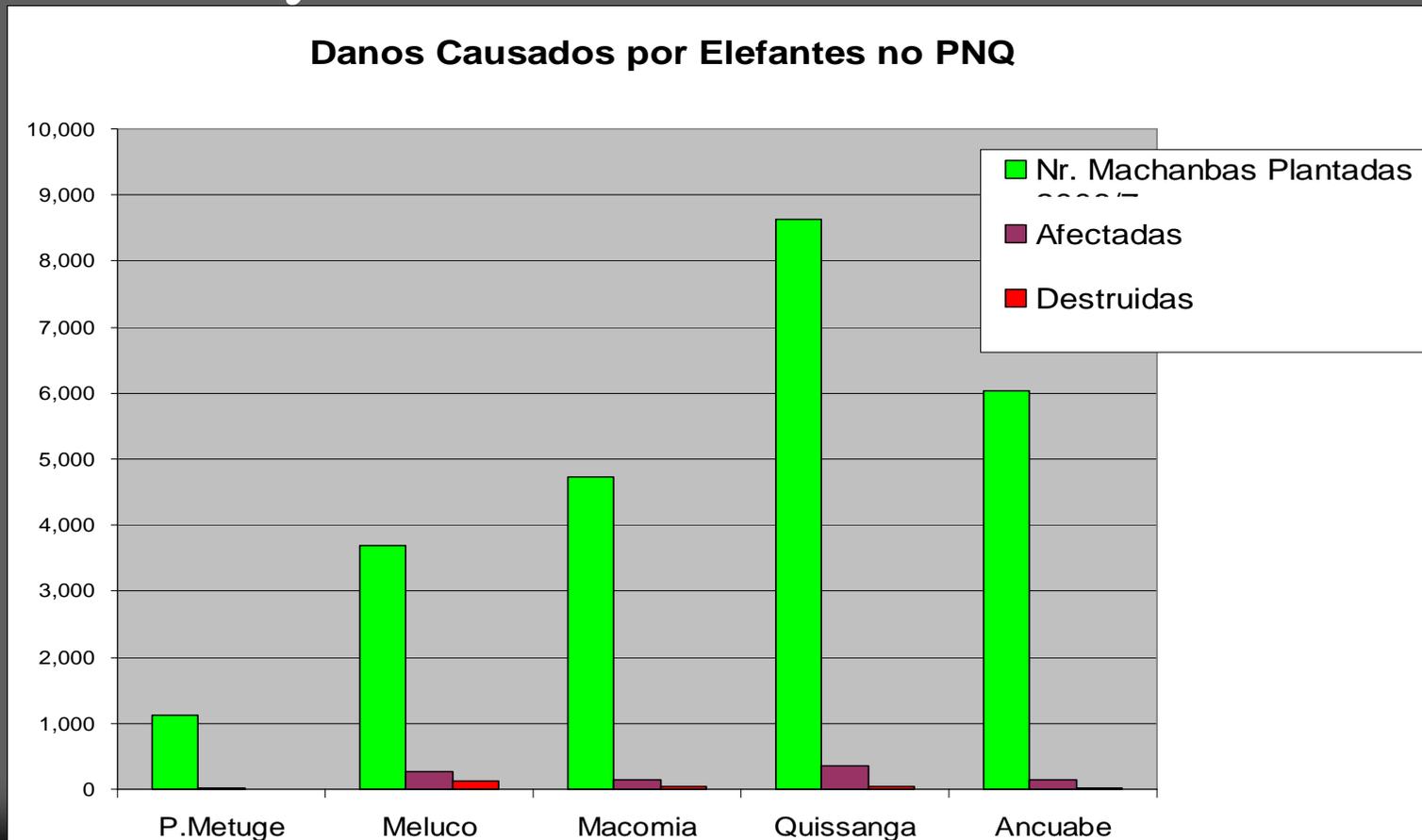
Maintain abundance of useful species and guarantee their sustainable use

- Conservation farming
 - Reduces slash and burn agriculture
 - Increases Farmer Income
 - Reduces deforestation



Mitigate Human Wildlife Conflict

- Impact – The PNQ is the only place in the province where Human Wildlife conflict is under control – less than 1% of fields are destroyed



Tourism brings benefits to all

Community Links to tourism

■ Social

- Mosque and social centre built in Matemo
- Over 20 wells drilled in PA Mucojo
- 4.400 mosquito nets distributed
- 402 children receiving school lunches (Guludo, Ningaia)

■ Economic

- 350+ jobs
- Support to handicraft groups
- Local Products (crab fattening, oysters, fish etc)

Source of the 20%



Crab Fattening - Mussemuco

Stakeholder Involvement

- ➔ COMDEQ – Involving all major stakeholders (tourist operators, government departments and districts, NGOs, communities)

- ➔ Community Councils and Representation
 - Fishing Councils in 11 Communities
 - NR Management Councils for Whole Park
 - 4 Representatives on the “COMDEQ - Comité de Desenvolvimento de Parque Nacional das Quirimbas”
 - Community Rangers

The Importance of Communication

Communities

Society



Government

Donors

A large school of fish, likely snappers, swimming in clear blue water. The fish are densely packed and moving in various directions, creating a sense of a healthy, thriving marine ecosystem. The lighting is bright and even, highlighting the silvery scales of the fish.

Quirimbas

Conservation

IS

Development